Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Report from Santiago—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, July 1:

Week ended June 27. Bills of health issued to 3 vessels bound for the United States. No quarantinable disease reported.

ECUADOR.

Reports from Guayaquil—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Plague, small-pox, and yellow fever.

Assistant Surgeon Wightman reports, June 8 and 21, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Lloyd:

Week ended June 6. One steamship fumigated and dispatched, with a total personnel of 79 members of crew, and 33 cabin and 24 steerage passengers.

During the week 78 deaths were recorded in Guayaquil, including yellow fever, 3; small-pox, 5; plague, 6.

Week ended June 13. One steamship fumigated and dispatched, with a personnel of 97 members of crew, and 38 cabin and 13 steerage passengers.

In the same week 63 deaths were recorded in Guayaquil, including yellow fever, 2; small-pox, 1; plague, 5.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Puerto Barrios, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wailes reports:

Week ended July 2. Present officially estimated population, 250. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, very good.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
June 29	José	26	8	.....	.....
July 2	Mobila	48	10	.....	.....

HAWAII.

Reports from Honolulu—Examination of rats for plague infection.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Currie, in charge of plague laboratory, reports, June 15 and 20, through Chief Quarantine Officer Cofer:

Week ended June 13.

Rats trapped in Honolulu	620
Rats found dead in Honolulu	3
Total rats taken in Honolulu	623
Honolulu rats examined in this laboratory	530
Rats examined in Hilo under supervision of this laboratory	187
Total rats examined bacteriologically	717
Total rats destroyed	848